June 2011

61 Series Pilots for Pilot-Operated Pressure Reducing Regulators

Introduction

61 Series pilots are used with Types 1098-EGR and EZL pressure reducing regulators. These pilots can also be integrally mounted to the actuator casing as used with 99 Series regulators.

61 Series pilots are available in a variety of constructions for low-pressure (L), high-pressure (H), and extra high-pressure (HP) applications. The low-pressure version is also available with wide (LE) or narrow (LD) proportional band.

Features

- Standard and High-Temperature Materials
 Available—Standard and high-temperature elastomers are available to satisfy a wide variety of application.
- Wide Range of Available Constructions— The 61 Series pilots are available in different constructions to meet a wide range of pressure application.
- Highly Configurable for a Variety of Applications—Configurable to be used for fast closing, fast opening, and monitoring applications.

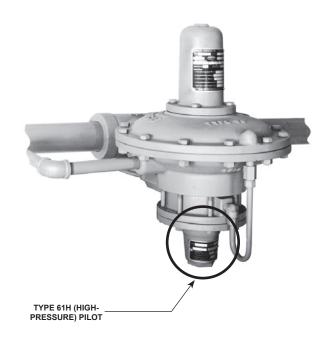


Figure 1. Type 99 Regulator with Type 61H (High-Pressure) Pilot

 Includes a Type P593-1 or P594-1 Filter—To remove dirt, scale, or other solid substances from upstream pilot supply gas for air or gas pressure regulators.

Table 1. Available Constructions

DII OT TVDE	DESCRIPTION	PRESSURE RANGE		
PILOT TYPE	YPE DESCRIPTION		bar	
61L	Low-Pressure Pilot	rrow proportional band 0.25 to 20 17 mbar		
61LD ⁽¹⁾	Low-Pressure Pilot with narrow proportional band			
61LE	Low-Pressure Pilot with wide proportional band			
61H	High-Pressure Pilot	10 to 65	0,69 to 4,5	
61HP	Extra High-Pressure Pilot	15 to 300	1,0 to 20,7	
. Also available in 0 to 4-inches w.c. / 0 to 10 i	mbar and 3 to 12-inches w.c. / 7 to 30 mbar pressure range. See Table 2.	,	•	





Specifications

Available Constructions

See Table 1

Reduced Pressure Ranges

See Table 2

Maximum Inlet Pressures(1)

Types 61L, 61LE, and 61H⁽⁴⁾: 300 psig / 20,7 bar

Type 61LD: 160 psig / 11,0 bar Type 61HP: 600 psig / 41,4 bar

Maximum Spring Case Pressure for

Pressure Loading⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾

Types 61L, 61LD, 61LE: 25 psig / 1,7 bar

Type 61H: 72 psig / 5.0 bar Type 61HP: 100 psig / 6,9 bar

Material Temperature Capabilities(1)

Standard Elastomers: -20° to 150°F /

-29° to 66°C

High-Temperature Elastomers: 0° to 300°F / -18° to 149°C, except 0° to 180°F / -18° to 82°C

for water service

Applications and Part Construction Requirements

Standard Applications: See Table 3 Fast Closing Applications: See Table 4 Fast Opening Applications: See Table 5 For Applications with Inlet Pressures to

400 psig / 27,6 bar (99 Series Only): See Table 6

Monitoring Applications: See Table 7

Pressure Connections

1/4 NPT (internal)

Construction Materials

Pilot

Body and Spring Case: Cast iron Upper Relay Diaphragm: Nitrile (NBR) (for Types 61L, 61LD, 61LE, and 61H), Neoprene (CR) (for Type 61HP), or

Fluorocarbon (FKM)

Lower Relay Diaphragm: Nitrile (NBR) (for Types 61L, 61LD, and 61LE),

Neoprene (CR) (for Types 61H and 61HP), or

Fluorocarbon (FKM)

Composition Seats and O-rings: Nitrile (NBR) or

Fluorocarbon (FKM)

Pilot Mounting Parts

Tubing: Stainless steel Connector Fittings: Steel Pipe Bushing: Steel

Pipe Nipples: Galvanized steel, Stainless steel

Type P593-1 and P594-1 Filters

Filter Body and Head: Aluminum (Type P593-1) or

Brass (Type P594-1) Gasket: Composition Filter Material: Cellulose

Options

- Type 662 Remote Control Pilot Drive
- Handwheel⁽²⁾
- Adjusting screw cap⁽²⁾

Table 2. Reduced Pressure Ranges

		PILOT CONTROL SPRING						
TYPE	Part Number	Reduced Pressure Ranges		Color Code	Wire Diameter		Free Length	
	Fait Nullibei	psig	bar	Color Code	Inches	mm	Inches	mm
61LD ⁽¹⁾	1B558527052 1C680627222	0 to 4-inches w.c. 3 to 12-inches w.c.	0 to 10 mbar 7 to 30 mbar	Orange Unpainted	0.072 0.080	1,83 2,03	3.78 3.00	96,0 76,2
61L, 61LD ⁽¹⁾ , 61LE ⁽²⁾	1B886327022 1J857827022 1B886427022 1J857927142 1B886527022	0.25 to 2 1 to 5 2 to 10 5 to 15 10 to 20	17 mbar to 0,14 69 mbar to 0,35 0,14 to 0,69 0,35 to 1,0 0,69 to 1,4	Red Yellow Blue Brown Green	0.109 0.142 0.172 0.187 0.207	2,77 3,61 4,37 4,75 5,26	2.75 2.75 2.88 3.03 3.18	69,9 69,9 73,2 77,0 80,8
61H	0Y066427022	10 to 65	0,69 to 4,5	Green Stripe	0.363	9,22	6.00	152
61HP	1E392527022 1D387227022 1D465127142	15 to 45 35 to 100 100 to 300	1,0 to 3,1 2,4 to 6,9 6,9 to 20,7	Yellow Blue Red	0.148 0.200 0.243	3,76 5,08 6,17	2.00 1.69 1.69	50,8 42,9 42,9

Type 61LD construction has narrower proportional band than the standard Type 61L Pilot.

^{1.} The pressure/temperature limits in this Bulletin and any applicable standard or code limitation for this regulator pilot should not be exceeded.

For Types 61L, 61LD, and 61LE only.

^{3.} For pressure-loaded spring case, maximum pressure for each spring range will be the maximum outlet pressure plus the maximum spring case loading pressure.

4. Type 61H pilot used with a 99 Series regulator can handle a maximum inlet pressure of 400 psig / 27,6 bar.

^{2.} Type 61LE construction has wider proportional band than the standard Type 61L Pilot

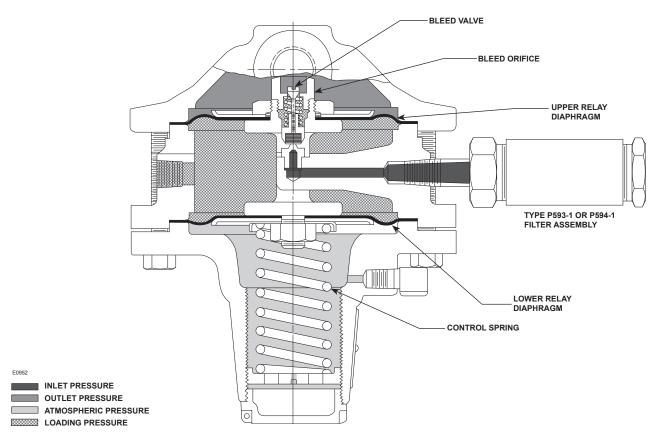


Figure 2. Type 61L Pilot Regulator Operational Schematic

Applications Information

Tables 3 through 7 and Figure 3 show which parts are included in each of the available constructions (see Table 1). For the required parts, simply match the numbers listed in the tables with the corresponding numbers in Figure 3.

The tables also show the maximum allowable inlet pressure to the pilot and the maximum allowable differential pressure across the bleed valve.

Principle of Operation

Refer to Figure 2. Pilot-operated regulators such as Types 1098-EGR and EZL use inlet pressure as the operating medium, which is reduced through pilot operation to load the actuator diaphragm. Outlet or downstream pressure opposes loading pressure in the actuator and also opposes the pilot control spring.

In operation, assume that outlet pressure is below the pilot control setting. Control spring force on the pilot diaphragm thus opens the pilot valve plug providing additional loading pressure to the actuator diaphragm. This loading pressure forces the actuator stem forward, opening the main valve plug via a bump connection. The upward motion of the plug allows gas to flow through the cage into the downstream system.

When downstream demand has been satisfied, outlet pressure tends to increase, acting on the pilot and actuator diaphragm. This pressure exceeds the pilot control spring setting, moving the pilot diaphragm away and letting the valve plug spring close the pilot valve plug (unbalanced in the 61 Series Pilots). Excess loading pressure on the actuator diaphragm escapes downstream through the bleed orifice.

Reduced actuator loading pressure permits the main valve to close. The combination of main valve spring force and valve plug unbalance provides positive valve plug shutoff against the port and upper seals. An external relief valve (Type 1806) is required when using the 61 Series pilots.

Table 3. For Standard Applications

PILOT TYPE PARTS REQUIRED(1)		MAXIMUM INLET	PRESSURE(2)(4)	MAXIMUM DIFFERE ACROSS BLE	
	(SEE FIGURE 3)	psig	bar	psig	bar
61L	1, 3, 5, 8, 11, 14	300	20,7	35	2,4
61LD	1, 3, 6, 9, 11, 14	160	11,0	15	1,0
61LE	2, 3, 5, 8, 11, 14	- 300	20.7	25	2.4
61H	2, 4, 5, 8, 11, 14		20,7	20,7 35	2,4

Choice of part 11, 12, or 13 depends on speed of response desired and maximum inlet pressure.

Table 4. For Fast Closing Applications

PILOT TYPE PARTS REQUIRED(1)		MAXIMUM INLET PRESSURE(2)(4)		MAXIMUM DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE ACROSS BLEED VALVE ⁽³⁾	
	(SEE FIGURE 3)	psig	bar	psig	bar
61L	1, 3, 5, 8, 12, 15	160	11,0	35	2,4
61LD	1, 3, 6, 9, 12, 15	70	4,8	15	1,0
61H	2, 4, 5, 8, 12, 15	160	11,0	35	2,4

^{1.} Choice of part 11, 12, or 13 depends on speed of response desired and maximum inlet pressure.

Table 5. For Fast Opening Applications

PILOT TYPE	PARTS REQUIRED(1)	MAXIMUM INLET PRESS		_	ENTIAL PRESSURE EED VALVE ⁽³⁾
	(SEE FIGURE 3)	psig	bar	psig	bar
641	1, 3, 5, 8, 12, 14	160	11,0	- 35	2,4
61L	1, 3, 5, 8, 13, 14	60	4,1		
61LD	1, 3, 6, 9, 12, 14	70	4,8	15	1,0
61LD	1, 3, 6, 9, 13, 14	25	1,7		
61H	2, 4, 5, 8, 12, 14	165	11,4	35	2,4

^{1.} Choice of part 11, 12, or 13 depends on speed of response desired and maximum inlet pressure.

Table 6. For Applications with Inlet Pressures to 400 psig / 27,6 bar (99 Series Only)

PILOT TYPE	PARTS REQUIRED ⁽¹⁾ (SEE FIGURE 3)	MAXIMUM INLE	Γ PRESSURE ⁽²⁾⁽⁴⁾	MAXIMUM DIFFERI ACROSS BLI	ENTIAL PRESSURE EED VALVE ⁽³⁾
	(SEE FIGURE 3)	psig	bar	psig	bar
61H	2, 4, 5, 10, 11, 14	400	27,6	50	3,4

^{1.} Choice of part 11, 12, or 13 depends on speed of response desired and maximum inlet pressure.

Maximum inlet pressure to the pilot is the highest pressure at which the relay orifice can shut off and is dependent on selection of relay orifice, relay spring, and bleed valve.
 Maximum differential pressure across bleed valve is the largest allowable difference between the pilot loading pressure and the downstream controlled pressure, and is dependent on selection of relay spring and bleed valve. If these values are exceeded on monitoring applications, specify bleed orifice 1D7771 and bleed orifice cap 1D7772.

^{4.} The pressure/temperature limits in this Bulletin and any applicable standard or code limitation should not be exceeded.

Maximum inlet pressure to the pilot is the highest pressure at which the relay orifice can shut off and is dependent on selection of relay orifice, relay spring, and bleed valve.

^{3.} Maximum differential pressure across bleed valve is the largest allowable difference between the pilot loading pressure and the downstream controlled pressure, and is dependent on selection of relay spring and bleed valve. If these values are exceeded on monitoring applications, specify bleed orifice 1D7771 and bleed orifice cap 1D7772.

^{4.} The pressure/temperature limits in this Bulletin and any applicable standard or code limitation should not be exceeded.

^{2.} Maximum inlet pressure to the pilot is the highest pressure at which the relay orifice can shut off and is dependent on selection of relay orifice, relay spring, and bleed valve.

^{3.} Maximum differential pressure across bleed valve is the largest allowable difference between the pilot loading pressure and the downstream controlled pressure, and is dependent on selection of relay spring and bleed valve. If these values are exceeded on monitoring applications, specify bleed orifice 1D7771 and bleed orifice cap 1D7772.

4. The pressure/temperature limits in this Bulletin and any applicable standard or code limitation should not be exceeded.

^{2.} Maximum inlet pressure to the pilot is the highest pressure at which the relay orifice can shut off and is dependent on selection of relay orifice, relay spring, and bleed valve.

Maximum differential pressure across bleed valve is the largest allowable difference between the pilot loading pressure and the downstream controlled pressure, and is dependent on selection of relay spring and bleed valve.

^{4.} The pressure/temperature limits in this Bulletin and any applicable standard or code limitation should not be exceeded.

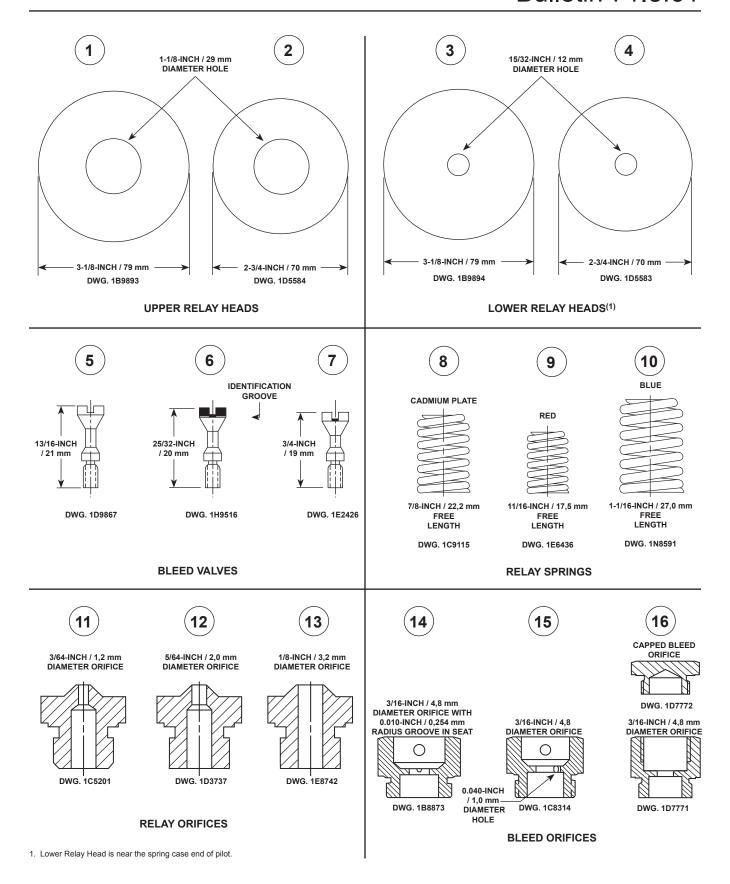


Figure 3. Available Options for Different Construction Parts (Applicable to 61 Series except Type 61HP)

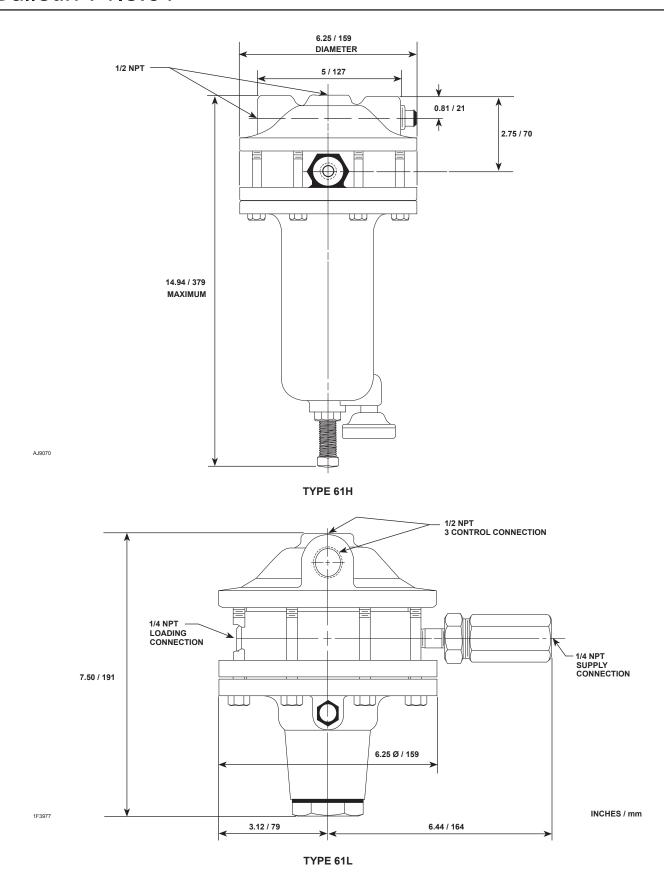


Figure 4. Dimensions

Table 7. For Monitoring Applications

PILOT TYPE	PARTS REQUIRED ⁽¹⁾ (SEE FIGURE 3)	MAXIMUM INLET PRESSURE ⁽²⁾⁽⁴⁾		MAXIMUM DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE ACROSS BLEED VALVE ⁽³⁾	
	(SEE FIGURE 3)	psig	bar	psig	bar
61LD Special (Wide-Open Monitor Applications)	1, 3, 7, 9, 11, 15	60	4,1	10	0,69
61L (Working Monitor Applications, Working Pilot)	1, 3, 5, 8, 11, 16	300	20,7	10	0,69
61LD (Working Monitor Applications, Monitor Pilot)	1, 3, 6, 9, 11, 16	160	11,0	10	0,69

^{1.} Choice of part 11, 12, or 13 depends on speed of response desired and maximum inlet pressure.

Ordering Information

Application

When ordering, specify:

- 1. Type of service—liquid or gas service
- 2. Nature and specific gravity of controlled fluid (including chemical analysis if possible)
- 3. Fluid temperature
- 4. Range of flowing inlet pressures and pressure drops
- 5. Desired set pressure

Construction

Refer to the Specifications section on page 2. Review the description to the right of each specification and in the referenced tables; specify the desired selection wherever there is a choice to be made.

Always specify the type number of other desired equipment as well as the pilot. The standard-gain pilot restriction will be provided automatically unless an optional-gain restriction is ordered.

Ordering Guide

Type (Select One)

- ☐ 61L (low-pressure)***
- ☐ 61LE (low-pressure, wide proportional band)***
- ☐ 61LD (low-pressure, narrow proportional band)***
- ☐ 61H (high-pressure)***
- ☐ 61HP (extra high-pressure)***

Reduced Pressure Range (Select One)

Type 61LD

- □ 0 to 4-inches w.c. / 0 to 10 mbar, Orange*
- □ 3 to 12-inches w.c. / 7 to 30 mbar, Unpainted*

Types 61L, 61LE, and 61LD

- □ 0.25 to 2 psig / 17 mbar to 0.14 bar, Red***
- □ 1 to 5 psig / 69 mbar to 0,35 bar, Yellow***
- ☐ 2 to 10 psig / 0,14 to 0,69 bar, Blue***
- ☐ 5 to 15 psig / 0,35 to 1,0 bar, Brown***
- □ 10 to 20 psig / 0,69 to 1,4 bar, Green***

Type 61H

□ 10 to 65 psig / 0,69 to 4,5 bar, Green Stripe***

Type 61HP

- ☐ 15 to 45 psig / 1,0 to 3,1 bar, Yellow***
- ☐ 35 to 100 psig / 2,4 to 6,9 bar, Blue***
- □ 100 to 300 psig / 6,9 to 20,7 bar, Red***

Optional

- ☐ Type 662 Remote Control Pilot Drive
- □ Pressure-Loaded Spring Case
- ☐ Handwheel Adjusting Screw (for Types 61L, 61LE, 61LD only)

Repair Parts Kits (Optional)

☐ Yes, send one repair parts kit to match this order

Maximum inlet pressure to the pilot is the highest pressure at which the relay orifice can shut off and is dependent on selection of relay orifice, relay spring, and bleed valve.

^{3.} Maximum differential pressure across bleed valve is the largest allowable difference between the pilot loading pressure and the downstream controlled pressure, and is dependent on selection of relay spring and bleed valve. If these values are exceeded on monitoring applications, specify bleed orifice 1D7771 and bleed orifice cap 1D7772.

4. The pressure/temperature limits in this Bulletin and any applicable standard or code limitation should not be exceeded.

Regulators Quick Order Guide					
* * *	Readily Available for Shipment				
* *	Allow Additional Time for Shipment				
*	Special Order, Constructed from Non-Stocked Parts. Consult Your local Sales Office for Availability.				
	Availability of the product being ordered is determined by the component with the longest shipping time for the requested construction.				

Specification Worksheet Application (Please designate units):
Specific Use
Line Size
Gas Type and Specific Gravity
Gas Temperature
Does the Application Require Overpressure Protection? ☐ Yes ☐ No If yes, which is preferred: ☐ Relief Valve ☐ Monitor Regulator ☐ Shut-off Device Is overpressure protection equipment selection assistance desired?
Pressure (Please designate units): Maximum Inlet Pressure (P _{1max}) Minimum Inlet Pressure (P _{1min}) Downstream Pressure Setting(s) (P ₂) Maximum Flow (Q _{max})
Performance Required: Accuracy Requirements? Need for Extremely Fast Response?
Other Requirements:

Industrial Regulators

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