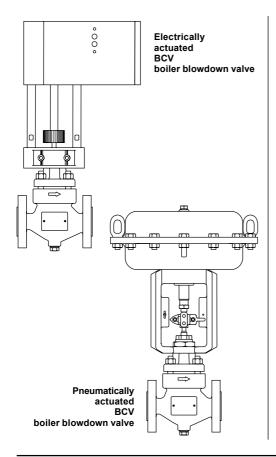
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IM-P403-103 AB Issue 1

spirax **BCV Blowdown Control Valves** DN15 to DN50 (¹/₂" to 2") Installation and Maintenance Instructions

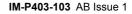


1. Safety information

- 2. General product information and application
- 3. Technical data
- 4. Installation and dimensions
- 5. AHL1 Actuator with spring return
- 6. Flow setting
- 7. Rotating the electrical actuator
- 8. Wiring of the electrical actuator
- 9. Pneumatic actuator -Stroke adjustment
- 10. Maintenance
- 11. Spare parts

EXPERTISE | SOLUTIONS | SUSTAINABILITY

First for Steam Solutions



1. Safety information

Safe operation of these products can only be guaranteed if they are properly installed, commissioned, used and maintained by qualified personnel (see Section 1.11 on this document) in compliance with the operating instructions. General installation and safety instructions for pipeline and plant construction, as well as the proper use of tools and safety equipment must also be complied with.

WARNING

- 1. Your attention is drawn to any National or Regional regulations concerning boiler blowdown. In the UK, guidance is given in HSE Guidance Note PM60.
- 2. When the EL actuator is used it must be electrically isolated before any maintenance is carried out.

1.1 Intended use

Referring to the Installation and Maintenance Instructions, name-plate and Technical Information Sheet, check that the product is suitable for the intended use/application. The products listed below comply with the requirements of the European Pressure Equipment Directive 97/23/EC (PED) and carry the (€ mark when so required. Pressure equipment not bearing the (€ mark is classified 'Sound Engineering Practice' in accordance with Article 3, Paragraph 3 of the PED.

Note: By law, SEP products cannot be marked with the € symbol.

	Product			Group 2 Gases	Group 1 Liquids	Group 2 Liquids
		DN15 - DN25	SEP	SEP	SEP	SEP
	PN40	DN32	2	SEP	SEP	SEP
		DN40 - DN50	2	1	SEP	SEP
		DN15 - DN25	SEP	SEP	SEP	SEP
	PN63 PN100	DN32	2	SEP	2	SEP
		DN40 - DN50	2	1	2	SEP
	ASME 300	DN15 - DN25	SEP	SEP	SEP	SEP
BCV4		DN32	2	SEP	SEP	SEP
		DN40 - DN50	2	1	2	SEP
	ASME 600	DN15 - DN25	SEP	SEP	SEP	SEP
		DN32	2	SEP	2	SEP
		DN40 - DN50	2	1	2	SEP
		DN15 - DN25	SEP	SEP	SEP	SEP
	JIS 20K KS 20K	DN32	2	SEP	SEP	SEP
	_	DN40 - DN50	2	1	SEP	SEP

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BCV blowdown control valves fall within the following PED categories:

	Produc	t	Group 1 Gases	Group 2 Gases	Group 1 Liquids	Group 2 Liquids
		DN15 - DN25	SEP	SEP	SEP	SEP
	PN40	DN32	2	SEP	SEP	SEP
		DN40 - DN50	2	1	SEP	SEP
		DN15 - DN25	SEP	SEP	SEP	SEP
	PN63 PN100	DN32	2	SEP	2	SEP
	111100	DN40 - DN50	2	1	2	SEP
		DN15 - DN25	SEP	SEP	SEP	SEP
DOVO		DN32	1	SEP	SEP	SEP
BCV6	ASME 300	DN40	2	1	SEP	SEP
		DN50	2	1	2	SEP
	ASME 600	DN15 - DN25	SEP	SEP	SEP	SEP
		DN32	2	SEP	2	SEP
		DN40 - DN50	2	1	2	SEP
	JIS 20K KS 20K	DN15 - DN25	SEP	SEP	SEP	SEP
		DN32	2	SEP	SEP	SEP
		DN40 - DN50	2	1	SEP	SEP
		DN15 - DN25	SEP	SEP	SEP	SEP
	PN25	DN32 - DN40	1	SEP	SEP	SEP
		DN50	2	1	SEP	SEP
BCV7	ASME 125	DN15 - DN25	SEP	SEP	SEP	SEP
	ASINE 125	DN40 - DN50	1	SEP	SEP	SEP
	ASME 250	DN15 - DN25	SEP	SEP	SEP	SEP
	KS 10	DN40 - DN50	2	1	SEP	SEP
		DN15 - DN25	SEP	SEP	SEP	SEP
	ASME 600	DN32	2	SEP	2	SEP
BCV8		DN40 - DN50	2	1	2	SEP
		DN15 - DN25	SEP	SEP	SEP	SEP
	PN63 PN100	DN32	2	SEP	2	SEP
		DN40 - DN50	2	1	2	SEP

i) Check material suitability, pressure and temperature and their maximum and minimum values. If the maximum operating limits of the product are lower than those of the system in which it is being fitted, or if malfunction of the product could result in a dangerous overpressure or overtemperature occurrence, ensure a safety device is included in the system to prevent such over-limit situations.

ii) Determine the correct installation situation and direction of fluid flow.

- iii) Spirax Sarco products are not intended to withstand external stresses that may be induced by any system to which they are fitted. It is the responsibility of the installer to consider these stresses and take adequate precautions to minimise them.
- iv) Remove protection covers from all connections and protective film from all name-plates, where appropriate, before installation on steam or other high temperature applications.

1.2 Access

Ensure safe access and if necessary a safe working platform (suitably guarded) before attempting to work on the product. Arrange suitable lifting gear if required.

1.3 Lighting

Ensure adequate lighting, particularly where detailed or intricate work is required.

1.4 Hazardous liquids or gases in the pipeline

Consider what is in the pipeline or what may have been in the pipeline at some previous time. Consider: flammable materials, substances hazardous to health, extremes of temperature.

1.5 Hazardous environment around the product

Consider: explosion risk areas, lack of oxygen (e.g. tanks, pits), dangerous gases, extremes of temperature, hot surfaces, fire hazard (e.g. during welding), excessive noise, moving machinery.

1.6 The system

Consider the effect on the complete system of the work proposed. Will any proposed action (e.g. closing isolation valves, electrical isolation) put any other part of the system or any personnel at risk?

Dangers might include isolation of vents or protective devices or the rendering ineffective of controls or alarms. Ensure isolation valves are turned on and off in a gradual way to avoid system shocks.

1.7 Pressure systems

Ensure that any pressure is isolated and safely vented to atmospheric pressure. Consider double isolation (double block and bleed) and the locking or labelling of closed valves. Do not assume that the system has depressurised even when the pressure gauge indicates zero.

1.8 Temperature

Allow time for temperature to normalise after isolation to avoid danger of burns.

1.9 Tools and consumables

Before starting work ensure that you have suitable tools and/or consumables available. Use only genuine Spirax Sarco replacement parts.

1.10 Protective clothing

Consider whether you and/or others in the vicinity require any protective clothing to protect against the hazards of, for example, chemicals, high/low temperature, radiation, noise, falling objects, and dangers to eyes and face.



1.11 Permits to work

All work must be carried out or be supervised by a suitably competent person. Installation and operating personnel should be trained in the correct use of the product according to the Installation and Maintenance Instructions.

Where a formal 'permit to work' system is in force it must be complied with. Where there is no such system, it is recommended that a responsible person should know what work is going on and, where necessary, arrange to have an assistant whose primary responsibility is safety.

Post 'warning notices' if necessary.

1.12 Handling

Manual handling of large and /or heavy products may present a risk of injury. Lifting, pushing, pulling, carrying or supporting a load by bodily force can cause injury particularly to the back. You are advised to assess the risks taking into account the task, the individual, the load and the working environment and use the appropriate handling method depending on the circumstances of the work being done.

1.13 Residual hazards

In normal use the external surface of the product may be very hot. If used at the maximum permitted operating conditions the surface temperature of some products may reach temperatures of 580°C (1076°F).

Many products are not self-draining. Take due care when dismantling or removing the product from an installation (refer to 'Maintenance instructions').

1.14 Freezing

Provision must be made to protect products which are not self-draining against frost damage in environments where they may be exposed to temperatures below freezing point.

1.15 Disposal

Unless otherwise stated in the Installation and Maintenance Instructions, this product is recyclable and no ecological hazard is anticipated with its disposal providing due care is taken.

1.16 Returning products

Customers and stockists are reminded that under EC Health, Safety and Environment Law, when returning products to Spirax Sarco they must provide information on any hazards and the precautions to be taken due to contamination residues or mechanical damage which may present a health, safety o environmental risk. This information must be provided in writing including Health and Safety data sheets relating to any substances identified as hazardous or potentially hazardous.

1.17 € conformity of actuators

Electrical actuator:	EMC Directive 2004/108/EC EN 61000 6 2 EN 61000 6 4	Low Voltage Directive 2006/95/EC EN 60730 1 EN 60730 2 14 Over Voltage category III Degree of pollution III
Pneumatic actuator:	See the Technical Information	for the PN9000 series

2. General product information and application

2.1 Description and application

Spirax Sarco's BCV blowdown control valves are manufactured using the market proven SPIRA-TROL body. These valves have been specifically designed for the blowdown of steam boilers or for other high pressure drop, low flow applications, and are generally used with a blowdown controller as part of an automatic TDS control system.

The valve may also be used for other high pressure drop, low flowrate applications such as boiler feedpump recirculation.

Two versions are available:

- Electrically actuated.
- Pneumatically actuated.

Standards

These products fully comply with the requirements of the European Pressure Equipment Directive 97 / 23 / EC.

Certification

These products are available with material certification to EN 10204 3.1. **Note:** All certification / inspection requirements must be stated at the time of order placement.

Note: For additional product information see Technical Information sheet TI-P403-102.

2.2 Size and pipe connections

1/2", 3/4", 1", 11/4", 11/2" and 2" Screwed BSP or NPT, Socket weld and Butt weld.

DN15, DN20, DN25, DN32, DN40 and DN50 Flanged: EN 1092 PN25, PN40, PN63 and PN100 ASME class 125, 150, 250, 300 and 600 JIS/KS 10K, 20K, 30K and 40K

Electrically actuated

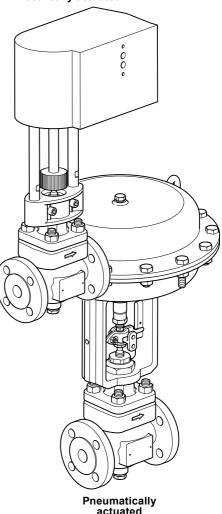


Fig. 1 BCV blowdown control valves

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2.3 Available models:

Material	Connections						
Wateria	Screwed	Socket weld	Flanged	Butt weld			
Carbon steel	BCV41	BCV42	BCV43	BCV44			
Stainless steel	BCV61	BCV62	BCV63	BCV64			
SG iron	BCV71		BCV73				
Alloy steel		BCV82	BCV83	BCV84			

BCV blowdown control valves are compatible with the following actuators and positioners:

Version	Actuator	Positioners
Electric	AHL1 series	
		PP5 (pneumatic)
		EP5 (electropneumatic)
Pneumatic	PN9series	ISP5 (intrinsically safe electropneumatic)
Theumatic		SP200is, SP400 and SP500 (microprocessor based electropneumatic)
		SP300 (digital communications)

3. Technical data -

Media

Water

3.1 Actuator technical data

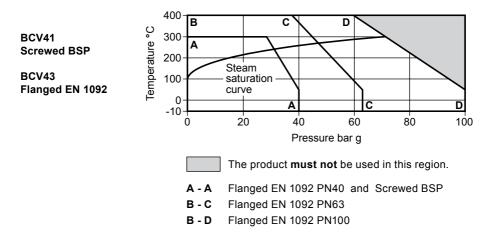
Actuator		AHL1 Series				
Supply voltage		Standard 24 Vac, Optio	nal card 230 Va	c and 100 Vac		
Supply frequen	су	50 to 60 Hz				
Power consum	ption	10 to 18				
Actuator speed		2 mm/s, 4 mm/s or 6	mm/s			
Actuators thrus	st maximum	2 kN				
Maximum shut-	off value	42 bar g				
Size		Actuator	Maximum sl	hut-off value		
DN15 to DN25	½" to 1"	AHL1 series / PN9123E				
DN32 to DN50	1¼" to 2"	AHL1 series / PN9223E	— 42 bar g			
Maximum ambient	24 volt versio (Connect to c	n lass 2 circuit only)	-5°C to +55°C	(23°F to 131°F)		
temperature	110 / 230 vol	t versions	-5°C to +50°C	(23°F to 122°F)		



3.2 Pressure / temperature limits

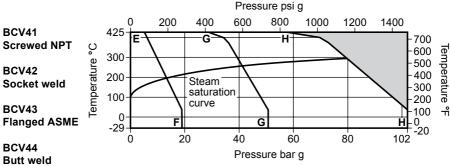
BCV41 BCV43				
00140			Flanged EN 1092	— Section 3.3, page 10
BCV41	Screwed			P3-
BCV42		Socket weld		— _{see}
BCV43			Flanged ASME	— Section 3.4, page 11
BCV44			Butt weld	
BCV43			Flanged JIS / KS	see Section 3.5, page 12
BCV61	Screwed			see
BCV63			Flanged EN 1092	— Section 3.6, page 13
BCV61	Screwed			
BCV62		Socket weld		— see — Section 3.7,
BCV63			Flanged ASME	page 14
BCV64			Butt weld	
BCV63			Flanged JIS / KS	see Section 3.8 , page 15
BCV71	Screwed			see
BCV73			Flanged EN 1092	— Section 3.9, page 16
BCV71	Screwed			see
BCV73			Flanged ASME	— Section 3.10, page 17
BCV73			Flanged JIS / KS	see Section 3.11, page 18
BCV83			Flanged EN 1092	see Section 3.12, page 19
BCV82		Socket weld		see
BCV83			Flanged ASME Butt weld	Section 3.13 ,
BCV84				page 20
TDS83			Flanged JIS / KS	see Section 3.14, page 21

3.3 BCV4_ Pressure / temperature limits



Dodu	design conditions:		PN40, PN63 or PN100
Bouy	นธราฐาา ออาณิแบบาร.		JIS/KS 20K, 30K or 40K
		PN40	40 bar g @ 50°C
PMA	Maximum allowable pressure	PN63	63 bar g @ 50°C
		PN100	100 bar g @ 50°C
		PN40	300°C @ 27.6 bar g
ТМА	Maximum allowable temperature	PN63	400°C @ 37.5 bar g
		PN100	400°C @ 59.5 bar g
Minimum allowable temperature		PN40	-10°C
		PN63	-29°C
		PN100	-29°C
		PN40	31.1 bar g @ 237°C
РМО	Maximum operating pressure for saturated steam service	PN63	47.0 bar g @ 261°C
		PN100	70.8 bar g @ 287°C
		PN40	300°C @ 27.6 bar g
тмо	Maximum operating temperature	PN63	400°C @ 37.5 bar g
		PN100	400°C @ 59.5 bar g
		PN40	-10°C
Minim	um operating temperature	PN63	-29°C
		PN100	-29°C

3.4 BCV4_ Pressure / temperature limits



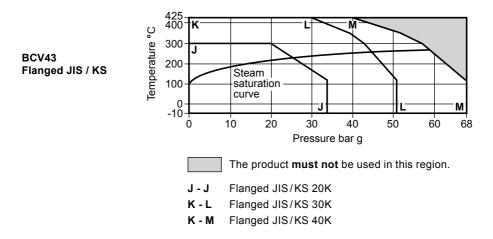
The product **must not** be used in this region.

- E F Flanged ASME class 150
- E G Flanged ASME class 300, Screwed NPT and Socket weld class 300
- E H Flanged ASME class 600, Socket weld class 600 and Butt weld

Dody	design conditions:		PN40, PN63 or PN100	ASME class 150, class 300	
Боау (design conditions:		JIS/KS 20K, 30K or 40K	or ASME class 600	
		ASME 150	19.6 bar g @ 38°C	284 psi g @ 100°F	
PMA	Maximum allowable pressure	ASME 300	51.1 bar g @ 38°C	741 psig @ 100°F	
	proceede	ASME 600	102.1 bar g @ 38°C	1 480 psi g @ 100°F	
		ASME 150	425°C @ 5.5 bar g	797°F @ 80 psi g	
ТМА	Maximum allowable temperature	ASME 300	425°C @ 28.8 bar g	797°F @ 418 psi g	
	temperature	ASME 600	425°C @ 57.5 bar g	797°F @ 834 psi g	
		ASME 150	-29°C	-20°F	
Minim	um allowable temperature	ASME 300	-29°C	-20°F	
		ASME 600	-29°C	-20°F	
	Maximum operating	ASME 150	13.9 bar g @ 197°C	201 psig @ 386°F	
PMO	pressure for saturated steam service	ASME 300	41.7 bar g @ 254°C	605 psig @ 489°F	
		ASME 600	80.0 bar g @ 295°C	1 160 psi g @ 563°F	
		ASME 150	425°C @ 5.5 bar g	797°F @ 80 psi g	
тмо	Maximum operating temperature	ASME 300	425°C @ 28.8 bar g	797°F @ 418 psi g	
	temperature	ASME 600	425°C @ 57.5 bar g	797°F @ 834 psi g	
		ASME 150	-29°C	-20°F	
Minim	um operating temperature	ASME 300	-29°C	-20°F	
		ASME 600	-29°C	-20°F	

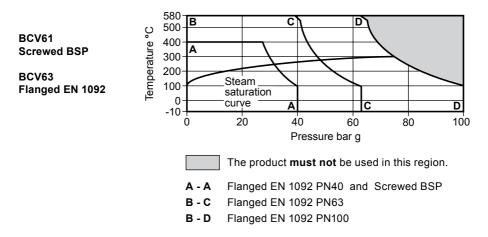
Designed for a maximum cold hydraulic test pressure of: 1.5 x PMA of the relative end connection of choice

3.5 BCV4_ Pressure / temperature limits



Pody	design conditions:		PN40, PN63 or PN100
Bouy (design conditions:		JIS/KS 20K, 30K or 40K
		JIS/KS 20K	34 bar g @ 120°C
PMA	Maximum allowable pressure	JIS/KS 30K	51 bar g @ 120°C
		JIS/KS 40K	68 bar g @ 120°C
		JIS/KS 20K	300°C @ 20 bar g
ТМА	Maximum allowable temperature	JIS/KS 30K	425°C @ 30 bar g
		JIS/KS 40K	425°C @ 40 bar g
		JIS/KS 20K	-10°C
Minim	um allowable temperature	JIS/KS 30K	-29°C
		JIS/KS 40K	-29°C
		JIS/KS 20K	30.6 bar g @ 236°C
PMO	Maximum operating pressure for saturated steam service	JIS/KS 30K	44.6 bar g @ 258°C
		JIS/KS 40K	58.5 bar g @ 276°C
		JIS/KS 20K	300°C @ 20 bar g
тмо	Maximum operating temperature	JIS/KS 30K	425°C @ 30 bar g
		JIS/KS 40K	425°C @ 40 bar g
		JIS/KS 20K	-10°C
Minim	um operating temperature	JIS/KS 30K	-29°C
		JIS/KS 40K	-29°C

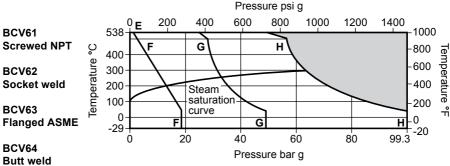
3.6 BCV6_ Pressure / temperature limits



Dodu	donian conditiono:		PN40, PN63 or PN100
Douy	design conditions:		JIS/KS 20K, 30K or 40K
		PN40	40 bar g @ 100°C
PMA	Maximum allowable pressure	PN63	63 bar g @ 100°C
		PN100	100 bar g @ 100°C
		PN40	400°C @ 27.4 bar g
ТМА	Maximum allowable temperature	PN63	580°C @ 39.5 bar g
		PN100	580°C @ 62.7 bar g
Minimum allowable temperature		PN40	-10°C
		PN63	-29°C
		PN100	-29°C
		PN40	32.2 bar g @ 240°C
PMO	Maximum operating pressure for saturated steam service	PN63	49.2 bar g @ 264°C
		PN100	75.1 bar g @ 291°C
		PN40	400°C @ 27.4 bar g
тмо	Maximum operating temperature	PN63	580°C @ 39.5 bar g
		PN100	580°C @ 62.7 bar g
		PN40	-10°C
Minim	um operating temperature	PN63	-29°C
		PN100	-29°C

signe x PMA of the relative end connection of aulic test pr

3.7 BCV6_ Pressure / temperature limits



The product must not be used in this region.

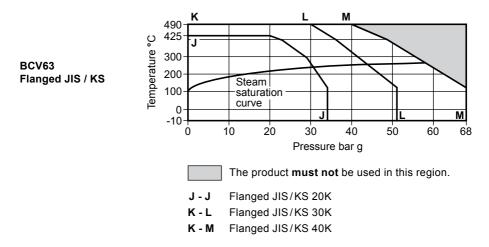
- E F Flanged ASME class 150
- E G Flanged ASME class 300, Screwed NPT and Socket weld class 300
- E H Flanged ASME class 600, Socket weld and Butt weld class 600

			PN40, PN63 or PN100	ASME class 150, class 300	
Body	Body design conditions:		JIS/KS 20K, 30K or 40K	or ASME class 600	
		ASME 150	19.0 bar g @ 38°C	275 psig @ 100°F	
PMA	Maximum allowable pressure	ASME 300	49.6 bar g @ 38°C	719 psig @ 100°F	
	F	ASME 600	99.3 bar g @ 38°C	1 440 psi g @ 100°F	
		ASME 150	538°C @ 1.4 bar g	1000°F @ 20 psig	
ГМА	Maximum allowable temperature	ASME 300	538°C @ 25.2 bar g	1 000°F @ 365 psi g	
		ASME 600	538°C @ 50.0 bar g	1000°F @ 725 psi g	
		ASME 150	-29°C	-20°F	
Minim	um allowable temperature	ASME 300	-29°C	-20°F	
		ASME 600	-29°C	-20°F	
	Maximum operating	ASME 150	13.8 bar g @ 197°C	200 psi g @ 386°F	
PMO	pressure for saturated steam service	ASME 300	33.8 bar g @ 242°C	490 psi g @ 467°F	
		ASME 600	64.6 bar g @ 281°C	937 psi g @ 538°F	
		ASME 150	538°C @ 1.4 bar g	1000°F @ 20 psi g	
ГМО	Maximum operating temperature	ASME 300	538°C @ 25.2 bar g	1000°F @ 365 psi g	
		ASME 600	538°C @ 50.0 bar g	1000°F @ 725 psi g	
		ASME 150	-29°C	-20°F	
Vinim	um operating temperature	ASME 300	-29°C	-20°F	
		ASME 600	-29°C	-20°F	

Designed for a maximum cold hydraulic test pressure of: 1.5 x PMA of the relative end connection of choice



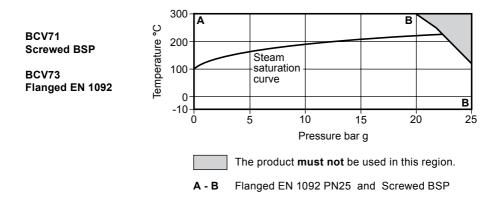
3.8 BCV6_ Pressure / temperature limits



Dadu	design conditions.		PN40, PN63 or PN100
Боау (design conditions:		PN40, PN63 or PN100 JIS/KS 20K, 30K or 40k 34 bar g @ 120°C 51 bar g @ 120°C 68 bar g @ 120°C 425°C @ 20 bar g 490°C @ 30 bar g 490°C @ 40 bar g -10°C -29°C 30.6 bar g @ 258°C 58.5 bar g @ 276°C 425°C @ 20 bar g
		JIS/KS 20K	34 bar g @ 120°C
PMA	Maximum allowable pressure	JIS/KS 30K	51 bar g @ 120°C
		JIS/KS 40K	68 bar g @ 120°C
		JIS/KS 20K	425°C @ 20 bar g
ТМА	Maximum allowable temperature	JIS/KS 30K	490°C @ 30 bar g
		JIS/KS 40K	490°C @ 40 bar g
		JIS/KS 20K	-10°C
Minimum allowable temperature		JIS/KS 30K	-29°C
		JIS/KS 40K	-29°C
		JIS/KS 20K	30.6 bar g @ 236°C
PMO	Maximum operating pressure for saturated steam service	JIS/KS 30K	44.6 bar g @ 258°C
		JIS/KS 40K	58.5 bar g @ 276°C
		JIS/KS 20K	425°C @ 20 bar g
TMO	Maximum operating temperature	JIS/KS 30K	490°C @ 30 bar g
		JIS/KS 40K	490°C @ 40 bar g
		JIS/KS 20K	-10°C
Minim	um operating temperature	JIS/KS 30K	-29°C
		JIS/KS 40K	-29°C

Designed for a maximum cold hydraulic test pressure of: 1.5 x PMA of the relative end connection of choice

3.9 BCV7_ Pressure / temperature limits

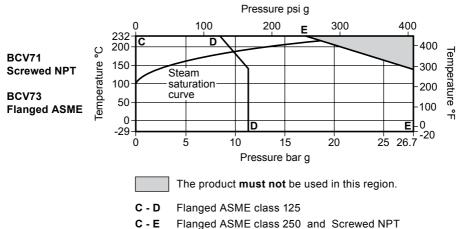


Dadu	de a 1 an a an d'11 a a a		PN25
Body	design conditions:		JIS/KS 10K
PMA	Maximum allowable pressure	PN25	25.0 bar g @ 120°C
ТМА	Maximum allowable temperature	PN25	300°C @ 20 bar g
Minimum allowable temperature		PN25	-10°C
PMO	Maximum operating pressure for saturated steam service	PN25	22.5 bar g @ 220°C
тмо	Maximum operating temperature	PN25	300°C @ 20.0 bar g
Minimum operating temperature		PN25	-10°C

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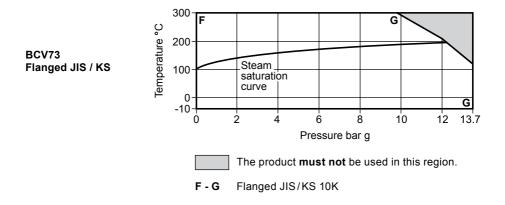
3.10 BCV7_ Pressure / temperature limits



Deduc	logian conditions.		PN25	ASME class 125 or
воау с	lesign conditions:		JIS/KS 10K	ASME class 250
	Maulanum allanuable annanum	ASME 125	11.5 bar g @ 140°C	166 psi g @ 284°F
PMA	Maximum allowable pressure	ASME 250	26.7 bar g @ 140°C	387 psi g @ 284°F
	Ma to seally address and as	ASME 125	232°C @ 8.6 bar g	449°F @ 125 psi g
ТМА	Maximum allowable temperature	ASME 250	232°C @ 17.2 bar g	449°F @ 249 psi g
		ASME 125	-29°C	-20°F
Minimi	um allowable temperature	ASME 250	-29°C	-20°F
	Maximum operating pressure	ASME 125	10.0 bar g @ 184°C	145 psi g 🏾 @ 363°F
PMO	for saturated steam service	ASME 250	18.0 bar g @ 209°C	261 psi g @ 408°F
		ASME 125	232°C @ 8.6 bar g	449°F @ 125 psi g
тмо	Maximum operating temperature	ASME 250	232°C @ 17.2 bar g	449°F @ 249 psi g
		ASME 125	-29°C	-20°F
Minimum operating temperature		ASME 250	-29°C	-20°F

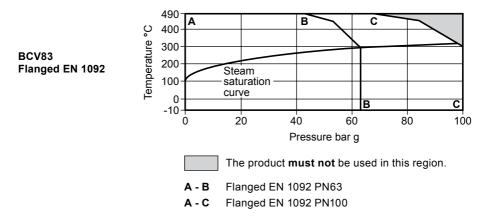
Designed for a maximum cold hydraulic test pressure of: 1.5 x PMA of the relative end connection of choice

3.11 BCV7_ Pressure / temperature limits



	JIS/KS 10K
JIS/KS 10K	13.7 bar g @ 120°C
JIS/KS 10K	300°C @ 9.8 bar g
JIS/KS 10K	-10°C
JIS/KS 10K	12.3 bar g @ 191°C
JIS/KS 10K	300°C @ 9.8 bar g
JIS/KS 10K	-10°C
	JIS/KS 10K JIS/KS 10K JIS/KS 10K JIS/KS 10K

3.12 BCV8_ Pressure / temperature limits



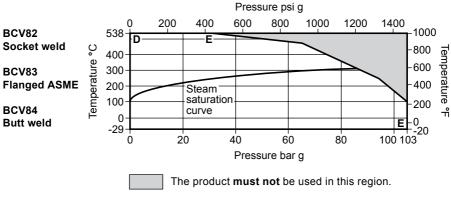
Dedu			PN63 or PN100
Boay	design conditions:		JIS/KS 30K or 40K
	Mauinum allaurakta anaanna	PN63	63 bar g @ 300°C
PMA	Maximum allowable pressure	PN100	100 bar g @ 300°C
ТМА	Mauinun allaurakia tana antun	PN63	490°C @ 42.8 bar g
TIVIA	Maximum allowable temperature	PN100	490°C @ 68.0 bar g
		PN63	-29°C
winim	um allowable temperature	PN100	-29°C
	Maximum operating pressure	PN63	63.0 bar g @ 280°C
PMO	for saturated steam service	PN100 PN63 PN100 PN63 PN100	99.0 bar g @ 310°C
THO	Martin and the land of the	PN63	490°C @ 42.8 bar g
тмо	Maximum operating temperature	PN100	490°C @ 68.0 bar g
		PN63	-29°C
Minimum operating temperature		PN100	-29°C

Designed for a maximum cold hydraulic test pressure of: 1.5 x PMA of the relative end connection of choice

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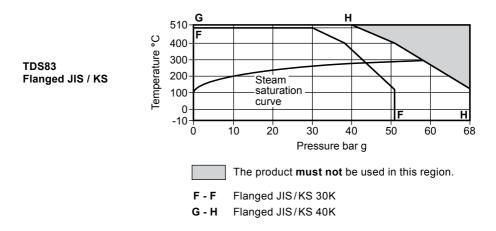
3.13 BCV8_ Pressure / temperature limits



D-E Flanged ASME class 600, socket weld and butt weld

Deduc	design sanditions.	PN63 or PN100	ASME class 600			
Боау (design conditions:		JIS/KS 30K or 40K	ASME Class 600		
PMA	Maximum allowable pressure	ASME 600	103.4 bar g @ 50°C	1 500 psi g @ 122°F		
ТМА	Maximum allowable temperature	ASME 600	538°C @ 29.8 bar g	1 000°F @ 432 psi g		
Minim	um allowable temperature	ASME 600	-29°C	-20°F		
PMO	Maximum operating pressure for saturated steam service	ASME 600	85.7 bar g @ 300°C	1 243 psi g @ 572°F		
тмо	Maximum operating temperature	ASME 600	538°C @ 29.8 bar g	1 000°F @ 432 psi g		
Minimum operating temperature ASME			-29°C	-20°F		
Designed for a maximum cold hydraulic test pressure of: 1.5 x PMA of the relative end connection of choice						

3.14 BCV8_ Pressure / temperature limits



Dad	de siene een ditiene e		PN63 or PN100
Body			JIS/KS 30K or 40K
	Martin and the state second second	JIS/KS 30K	51 bar g @ 120°C
PMA	Maximum allowable pressure	JIS/KS 40K	68 bar g @ 120°C
ТМА	Manianan allanakia tana antura	JIS/KS 30K	490°C @ 30.0 bar g
IWA	Maximum allowable temperature	JIS/KS 40K	510°C @ 40.0 bar g
M::		JIS/KS 30K	-29°C
winim	um allowable temperature	JIS/KS 40K	-29°C
	Maximum operating pressure	JIS/KS 30K	44.6 bar g @ 257°C
PMO	for saturated steam service	JIS/KS 40K	58.6 bar g @ 274°C
тио	Movimum operating topporture	JIS/KS 30K	490°C @ 30.0 bar g
тмо	Maximum operating temperature	JIS/KS 40K	510°C @ 40.0 bar g
M::		JIS/KS 30K	-29°C
viinim	um operating temperature	JIS/KS 40K	-29°C

Designed for a maximum cold hydraulic test pressure of: 1.5 x PMA of the relative end connection of choice

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4. Installation and dimensions

Note: Before actioning any installation observe the 'Safety information' in Section 1. For unit sizes see Figures 5 and 6 on pages 24 and 25.

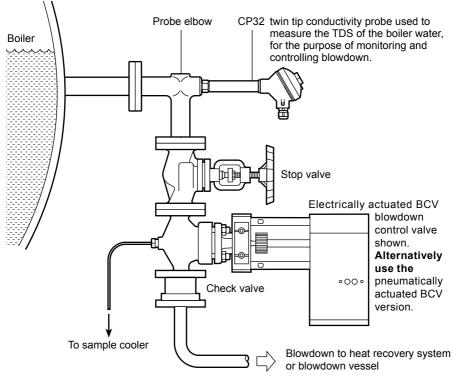
The actuator should be protected from excessive heat.

Actuator sealing is to IP54. Additional protection is recommended for outdoor installation. The valve may be installed in horizontal or vertical lines with flow in the direction of the arrow. Do not install with the actuator below the valve. For boiler blowdown applications the ideal take-off point for the blowdown is from a boiler side connection (see Figures 2 and 3), to reduce the possibility of scale entering the blowdown valve. If the bottom connection has to be used, make a 'T' connection upstream of the main bottom blowdown valve as shown in Figure 4. We recommend that where possible the 'T' is taken off the top of the blowdown line to reduce any problems of scale.

The '4" BSP plug may be removed and the connection used for boiler water sampling. A sample cooler is recommended.

Fit a stop valve between the boiler and the BCV blowdown control valve. A check valve is recommended downstream of the BCV. For single boiler installations the blowdown may discharge into the main blowdown line downstream of the main blowdown valve. In the UK, regulations for multi-boiler installations require the automatic blowdown lines to be separate from the main blowdown lines. For further information see Health and Safety Executive Guidance Note PM60.

Note: When installing with an S11 chamber, use M12 bolts for PN16, PN25, PN40 and ASME 300 flanged connections.



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Fig. 2 Installation on a probe elbow

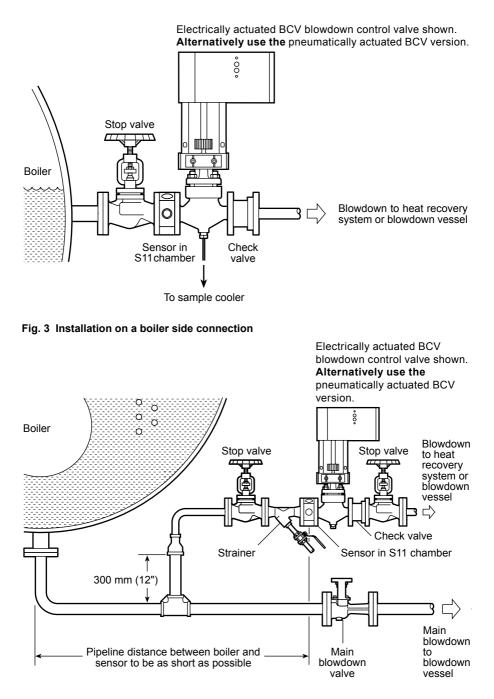


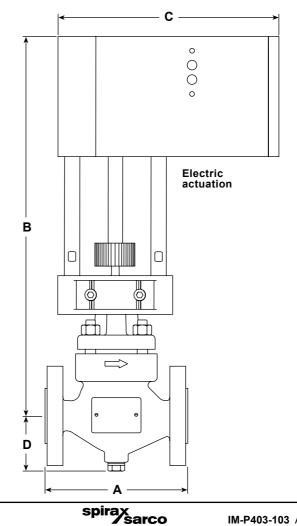
Fig. 4 Installation on a boiler with no suitable side connection

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Electric actuation - Dimensions / weights (approximate) in mm and kg

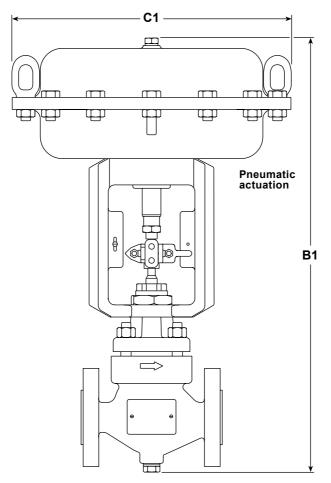
						<u> </u>				•		
	A				ВС		D		Weight			
Size	ASME 125	ASME 300	ASME 600	PN40	PN100	ASME 125 ASME 300 PN40	ASME 600 PN100		ASME 125 ASME 300 PN40	ASME 600 PN100	ASME 125 ASME 300 PN40	ASME 600 PN100
DN15	-	190.5	203	130	210	392	422	230	42.5	49.5	12	16
DN20	-	190.5	206	150	230	392	422	230	57.0	49.5	12.8	18
DN25	184	197	210	160	230	392	422	230	54.5	56.5	13	19
DN32	-	-	251	180	260	421	449	230	65.5	71.5	19.5	25
DN40	222	235	251	200	260	421	449	230	76.5	71.5	20	28
DN50	254	267	286	230	300	416	449	230	84.5	85.5	23	33



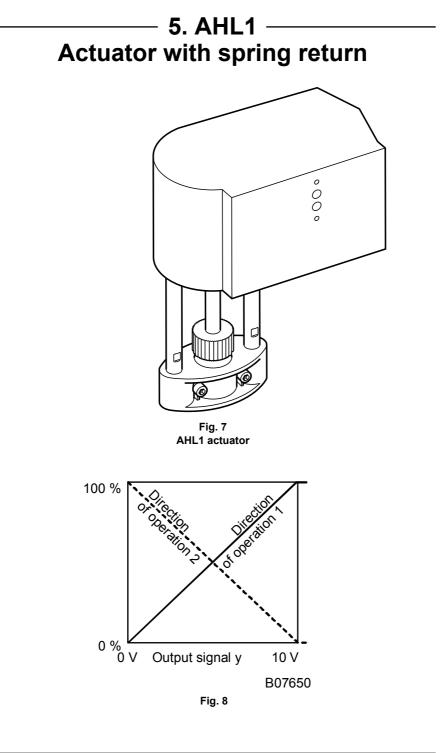


Pneumatic actuation - Dimensions / weights (approx.) in mm and kg

	B1 ASME 125 ASME 300 PN40 PN100		C1	Weight		
Size				ASME 125 ASME 300 PN40	ASME 600 PN100	
DN15	378	408	170	12	16	
DN20	378	408	170	12.8	18	
DN25	378	408	170	13	19	
DN32	432	460	300	30.5	36	
DN40	432	460	300	31	39	
DN50	427	460	300	34	44	







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Turne	Runnir	ig time	Pushing Force	Stroke	Weight		
Туре	Motor s/mm	Spring s	N	mm	kg		
AHL1 Series 2 / 4 / 6		1530	2000	040	5.6		
		24 V	± 20%, 50	.60 Hz			
Voltage supply with accessories		24 V	± 15%				
		230 V	± 15%	± 15%			
Power consumpt	ion	7.5 W	20 VA				
Stroke		849 mm					
Number of spring	g returns	> 40.000					
Response time fo	or 3-point	200 ms					
Maximum temper medium	rature of	130°C					
Permitted ambien temperature	nt	–1055(60)°C					
Permitted ambier	nt humidity	< 95% rh without condensation					
Degree of protec	tion	IP66 (EN 60529)					
Protection class		III (IEC 60730)					
Switches		Switching	Maximum 25	50 V			
		capacity	Minimum current 250 mA at 12 V				

Operation

After a new start, or after a start following activation of the reset (terminal 21), up to 45 seconds of waiting time will pass before the drive is available again.

The run time of the drive can be set according to the specific requirements, using switches S1 and S2.

The external hand crank allows you to adjust the position manually. When the hand crank is folded out, the motor is switched off. After the hand crank is folded back, the spring function is active again and the setpoint position is adopted again (without initialisation). If the hand crank is unfolded, the drive stays in this position.

Initialisation and feedback signal

The drive initialises itself automatically, the drive moves to the lower limit stop on the valve, thus enabling automatic connection with the valve spindle. Then it moves to the upper limit stop, and the value is recorded and saved with the help of a path measurement system. To trigger an initialisation, fold the hand crank out and back in again twice within 4 seconds. Both the LEDs will then flash red.

Spring return

If the voltage supply fails or is switched off, or if a monitoring contact (terminal 21) responds, the brushless DC motor releases the gear and the drive is moved into the respective end position (de-pending on the design version) by the pre-tensioned spring. As this happens, the control function of the drive is disabled for 45 seconds (both LEDs flash green) so that the end position can be reached in every case. The reset speed is controlled with the help of the motor so that there are no pressure surges in the line. The brushless DC motor has three functions: as a magnet to hold the position, as a brake (by acting as a generator) and as a motor for the control function. After a spring return function, the drive does not re-initialise itself.

LED display

The display consists of two dual-colour LEDs (red/green):

No	LED	lit:	No power supply (terminal 21)				
	LED	s flashing red:	Initialisation procedure				
Both	LED	s lit green:	Waiting time after switching on or after spring return				
	LED	are flashing red and green:	Drive is in manual mode				
	LED	lit red:	Upper limit stop or 'CLOSED' position reached				
Uppe	r LED	flashing green:	Drive running, moving towards 'CLOSED' position				
	LED	lit green:	Drive stationary, last direction of running 'CLOSED'				
	LED	lit red:	Lower limit stop or 'OPEN' position reached				
Lowe	r LED	flashing green:	Drive running, moving towards 'OPEN' position				
	LED	lit green:	Drive stationary, last direction of running 'OPEN'				

Additional technical information

The yellow housing, comprising the front section, rear section and connection cover, only serves the purpose of a cover. The crank for manual adjustment is located on the front. The DC motor, the con-trol electronics, the supporting components and the maintenance-free gear are accommodated in the housing.

Note on ambient temperatures: if the medium temperature in the valve is up to 110°C, the ambient temperature may reach 60°C. For medium temperatures above 110°C, the ambient temperature must not exceed 55°C.

Warnings:

- If the temperature of the medium in the valve is high, the drive columns and the shaft may also reach high temperatures.
- Drives with safety functions must be regularly checked to see that they are in working order (trial run).
- If a failure of the final control element could cause damage, additional protective precautions must be taken.
- It is forbidden to dismantle the springs in the device due to the high risk of injuries.

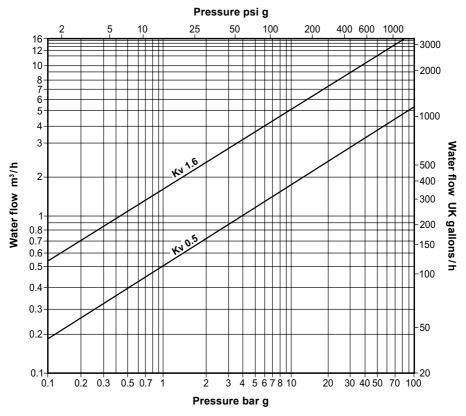
6. Flow setting

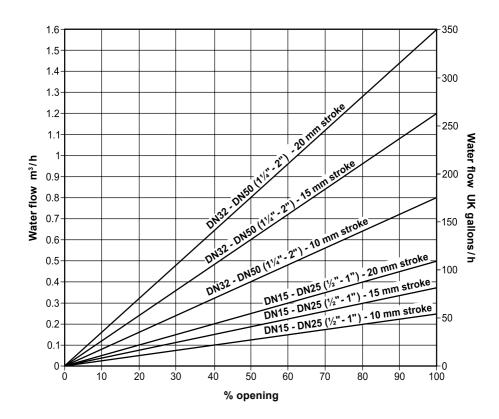
Table 1 Blowdown valve capacities

Valve size	DN15	DN20	DN25	DN32	DN40	DN50
K _{vs} value	0.5	0.5	0.5	1.6	1.6	1.6

For conversion: $C_V(UK) = K_V \times 0.963$ $C_V(US) = K_V \times 1.156$

K_{VS} chart





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Capacities

κ _v	Differential pressure (bar)	Hot water flow (m ³ /h)	Differential pressure (bar)	Hot water flow (m ³ /h)	Valve size
0.5	0	0.0	0	0.0	
	0.5	0.4	50	3.5	
	1	0.5	60	3.9	DN15
	10	1.6	70	4.2	to
	20	2.2	80	4.5	DN25
	30	2.7	90	4.7	
	40	3.2	100	5.0	
	0	0.0	0	0.0	
	0.5	1.1	50	11.3	
	1	1.6	60	12.4	DN32
1.6	10	5.1	70	13.4	to
	20	7.2	80	14.3	DN50
	30	8.8	90	15.2	
	40	10.1	100	16.0	

Flow for stroke 20 mm

Flow for stroke 15 mm

κ _v	Differential pressure (bar)	Hot water flow (m ³ /h)	Differential pressure (bar)	Hot water flow (m³/h)	Valve size
0.375	0	0.0	0	0.0	DN15
	0.5	0.3	50	2.7	
	1	0.4	60	2.9	
	10	1.2	70	3.1	to
	20	1.7	80	3.4	DN25
	30	2.1	90	3.6	
	40	2.4	100	3.8	
	0	0.0	0	0.0	DN32
	0.5	0.8	50	8.5	
	1	1.2	60	9.3	
1.200	10	3.8	70	10.0	to
	20	5.4	80	10.7	DN50
	30	6.6	90	11.4	
	40	7.6	100	12.0	

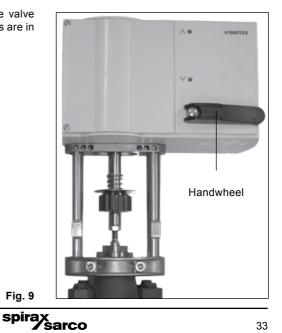
κ _v	Differential pressure (bar)	Hot water flow (m³/h)	Differential pressure (bar)	Hot water flow (m³/h)	Valve size
0.25	0	0.0	0	0.0	DN15
	0.5	0.2	50	1.8	
	1	0.3	60	1.9	
	10	0.8	70	2.1	to
	20	1.1	80	2.2	DN25
	30	1.4	90	2.4	
	40	1.6	100	2.5	
	0	0.0	0	0.0	DN32
	0.5	0.6	50	5.7	
	1	0.8	60	6.2	
0.80	10	2.5	70	6.7	to
	20	3.6	80	7.2	DN50
	30	4.4	90	7.6	
	40	5.1	100	8.0	

Flow for stroke 10 mm

7. Rotating the actuator

Fig. 9

The actuator may be rotated on the valve body so that the terminal cover points are in the most convenient direction.



8. Wiring

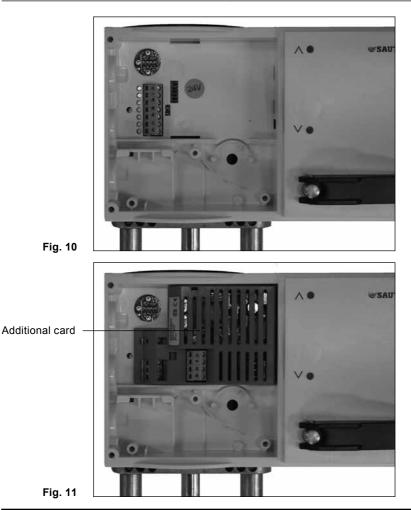
All wiring materials and methods shall comply with relevant EN and IEC standards where applicable. For installations in the US and Canada, the controller and valve must be wired in accordance to the Local and National Electrical code (NEC) or the Canadian Electrical Code (CEC).

Check the actuator label to ensure the operating voltage is correct for the mains supply.

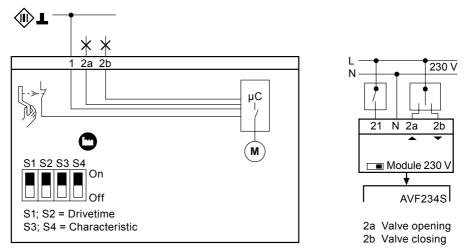
Suitable ac voltages are:

230 V version (additional card)	195 V - 265 V	
110 V version (additional card)	96 V - 127 V	
24 V version	19.3 V - 28 V	
Frequency	50 - 60 Hz	

Maximum power consumption

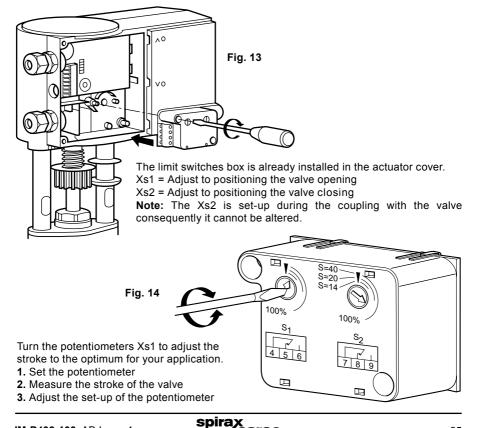








Limit switches configuration



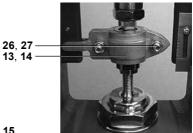
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9. Pneumatic actuator - stroke adjustment

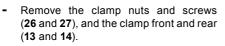
The valve is supplied with a low flowrate setting of 10 mm (%") stroke.

To increase the stroke to 15mm(5/8") or 20 mm (3/4"):

- Isolate the valve from the boiler pressure and energise the solenoid valve so that the air supply can be manually controlled by the regulator.
- Apply just enough air pressure to open the valve fully (see Figure 15).







- Turn off the air supply and allow the actuator to retract fully (see Figure 15).

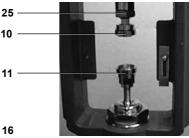


Fig. 16

- Loosen the actuator lock-nut (25), and screw the connector (10) fully into the spindle.
- Loosen the nut locking the valve stem to the adaptor (11).
- Position the adaptor so that only 8 mm of the valve stem thread is engaged (see Figures 17 and 18).



The valve stem must not protrude beyond the surface of the adaptor, otherwise the clamp will not fit corectly and may be damaged (see Figure 18).



Fig. 17 Correct - 8 mm thread engagement





Incorrect - thread protruding above the adaptor



- Pull the valve stem upwards to fully close the valve.
- Measuring from the top of the stuffing box, mark the new stroke required on the valve stem - 15 mm or 20 mm (Figure 19)

Push the valve stem down so that the mark lines up with the stuffing box (Figure 20).

- Apply air pressure to allow the actuator to descend fully.
- Unscrew the actuator connector until it just contacts the valve stem adaptor without opening the valve (Figure 21).
- Tighten adaptor and actuator lock-nuts.
- Refit the clamp, and its nuts and screws.

Please note:

It may be necessary to make final adjustments to the actuator connector and the valve adaptor to ensure the clamp anti-rotation lugs engage with the yoke, and that the pointer is still on the scale.

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Fig. 20

Fig. 21

Fig. 19







Note: Before actioning any maintenance, observe the 'Safety information' in Section 1.

Warning for all stainless steel valves

The 316 type stainless steel used in the construction of these products particularly for screwed or close fitting parts, is very susceptible to galling or cold welding. This is an inherent characterisitic of this type of material and great care should therefore be taken when dismantling or reassembling.

If the application permits, it is recommended that a light smear of a PTFE based grease is applied to any mating parts before reassembly.

10.1 General

Valve parts are subject to normal wear and must be inspected and replaced as necessary. Inspection and maintenance frequency depends on the severity of the service conditions. This section provides instructions on replacement packing, stem, plug and seat and bellows. All maintenance operations can be performed with the valve body in the line.

Annually

The valve should be inspected for wear and tear replacing any worn or damaged parts such as valve plug and stem, valve seat and gland seals, refer to Section 10 'Spare parts'.

Note 1: High temperature graphite packed seals are subject to wear during normal operation. We therefore recommend the graphite packing be replaced during this routine inspection to prevent premature failure of the packing during normal operation.

Note 2: It is recommended that all soft seals and gaskets be replaced whenever the valve is disassembled.

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New torque values with lubrication:

The following new torque values should be used with lubricated nuts/bolts:

Control valve Sizes Divis to Divis		
SPIRA-TROL valve size	Torque (N m) JE / JEA	
DN15 - DN25	100	
DN32 - DN50	130	

Table 2 Recommended tightening torques -

Control valve sizes DN15 to DN50

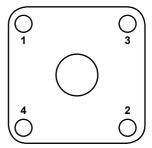


Fig. 22 Bonnet tightening sequence

10.2 Removal of valve bonnet

Note: This procedure is necessary before carrying out any of the maintenance procedures detailed below:

- Ensure that the valve is depressurised and clear of media and isolate it both upstream and downstream.
- **Caution:** care should be taken when disassembling the valve in case of residual pressure being trapped between the isolation points.
- Remove the actuator from the valve. Refer to the Installation and Maintenance Instructions covering Spirax Sarco actuators.
- Unscrew the stuffing box nuts (18).
- Undo and remove the bonnet nuts (27).
- Remove the bonnet (2) and plug and stem assembly (8).
- Remove and discard the body gasket.

10.3 Replacement of graphite gland packing

- Remove the lock-nut (3), stuffing box nuts, gland flange and gland follower (18), ensuring that the groove is clean and undamaged, replace with new item.
- Remove the gland follower (9) and retain, withdraw the graphite packing (14) and discard. Remove the spacer and lower bearing (16). Clean and examine these components and the upper bearing replacing any that show signs of damage or deterioration.
- Clean the gland cavity and reassemble the gland components in the order shown in Figure 23. Note that the lower bearing must be fitted with the radiused edge downwards. When fitting the graphite seals, the scarf joints in each seal must be offset from the one below by 90°.



- Fit the packing follower and stuffing box ring into position. Lubricate the stuffing box nuts. Install and tighten the packing flange nuts finger tight. and hold the packing without compressing them.
- Final adjustment of the gland must be carried out after refitting the bonnet as detailed in Section 10.5.

10.4 Removal and refitting of the valve plug / stem assembly and seat

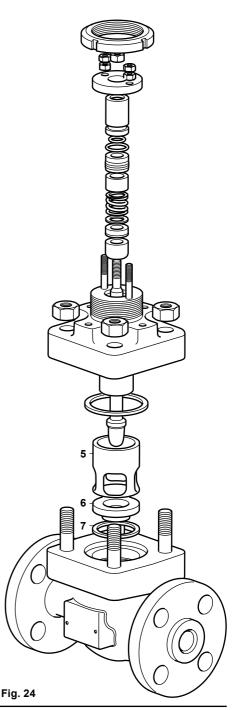
- Lift out the seat retaining cage (5) followed by the seat (6).
- Remove the seat back gasket (7) and discard.
- Clean all components, including the seat recess in the valve body.
- Examine the seat and plug / stem assembly for damage or deterioration and renew as necessary.

Note: Score marks or scaly deposits on the valve stem will lead to early failure of the gland seals and damage to seat and plug sealing faces will result in leakage rates higher than those specified for the valve.

- Fit a new seat gasket (7) in the body seat recess followed by the seat (6).
- Refit the cage (5) ensuring that the flow windows are lower most and that it sits squarely on the seat without impinging on the valve body.

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10.5 Refitting the bonnet

Caution: The following must be carefully followed to enable the correct reassembly of the control valve, and the subsequent test that is required to ensure that the plug moves freely inside the valve seat:

- Fit new bonnet gasket.
- Ensure the plug stem is fully extended without the upper stem threads making contact with stem seals on the top of the bonnet.
- Replace the bonnet and stem assembly to the valve body, locating the plug centrally into the seat.
- Holding the Plug in position, push the bonnet down on to the valve body.
- Proceed to tighten the bonnet into position by following Step 1 through to 7:



Fit bonnet nuts.



Finger tighten opposing bonnet nuts or bolts evenly in pairs.

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Raise the stem to the highest position.



Firmly and briskly push the stem fully down.

Repeat Steps 1 to 4 finger tightening bonnet nuts or bolts individually until tight.



Using a torque wrench lightly and evenly tighten each bolt or nut by 45°, following the sequence illustrated in Figure 22, page 38.



After each tightening sequence lift the stem fully.



Firmly and briskly push the stem fully down.

- Repeat Steps 5, 6 and 7 until the bonnet nuts or bolts have an even tension.
- Continue Steps 5, 6 and 7 but use a torque wrench set at 10% of maximum required torque setting.
- Again, repeat Steps 5, 6 and 7, incrementally increasing the torque value to 20%, 40%, 60%, 80% and finally 100% of the required torque value (as specified in Table 2, page 38).
- Pull the plug off its seat, rotate by 120° and slowly push it back down into the seat checking for any signs of resistance as the plug comes into contact with the seat.
- Repeat the above Step, three more times.
- If any resistance is felt, this can indicate the plug and seat is misaligned and the process will need repeating.

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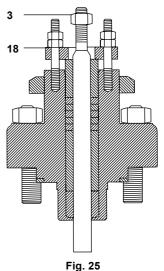
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Tighten the the stuffing box nuts (18) until:
i) PTFE gland assembly: A gap of 10 mm between the underside of the gland flange and the bonnet is achieved.

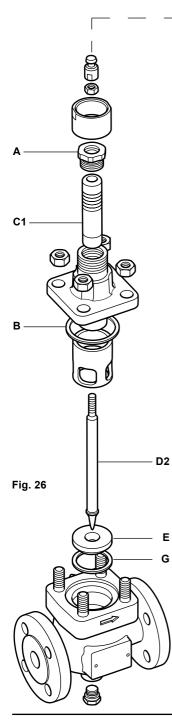
ii) Graphite gland assembly: A gap of 12 mm between the underside of the gland flange and the bonnet is achieved.

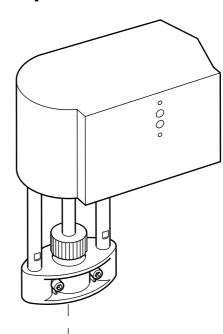
- Refit the lock-nut (3).
- Reinstall the actuator.
- Bring the valve back into service.
- Check for leakage at the gland.

Note: Recheck the graphite seals and retighten the gland if necessary after a few hundred cycles as the seals fully bed in.



11. Spare parts





Spare parts

The spare parts available are detailed below. No other parts are supplied as spares.

Please note that the spare parts available for the BCV TDS blowdown control valve are the same for both the electrically and pneumatically actuated versions.

Available spares

Actuator clampin	Α	
Gasket set		B, G
Stem seal kits	Graphite packing	C1
Plug stem and seat kit	Linear trim (No gaskets supplied)	D2, E

How to order spares

Always order spares by using the description given in the column headed 'Available spares', and state the size and type of valve and specify clearly the full product description as found on the label of the valve body, as this will ensure that the correct spare parts are supplied.

Example: 1 off Actuator clamping nut for a Spirax Sarco DN15 BCV43HWSUSS blowdown control valve.



